

Aristotle Test

- Aristotle was born in _____.
 - the city of Rome
 - Athens
 - a Greek colony
 - Assyria
- When he was 17 years old he was sent to _____ to study.
 - Armenia
 - Judea
 - Rome
 - Athens
- He studied under _____ for twenty years.
 - Plato
 - Archimedes
 - Protagoras
 - Epicurus
- _____ took the teacher's place when he died.
 - Aristotle
 - Euclid
 - The nephew
 - Alexander the Great
- It is said that Aristotle tutored _____ for five years.
 - Constantine
 - Alexander the Great
 - Napoleon
 - Joan of Arc
- He set up a school in Athens called the _____.
 - Academy
 - Forum
 - Lyceum
 - Milesian School
- His students were called peripatetics because they _____.
 - lived perilous lives
 - walked around as they learned
 - were pathetic
 - they studied childhood diseases
- Aristotle left Athens when Alexander the Great died because _____.
 - he was so sad
 - he wanted to teach somewhere else
 - his life was in danger
 - his students all went home
- He created a system of _____ things which people use even today.
 - organizing and categorizing
 - selling
 - changing
 - using
- Aristotle thought people should _____.
 - be extremists
 - only think conservatively
 - follow the middle of the road
 - think as little as possible

11. He defined _____ as the disposition of the soul that promotes human flourishing.

- A. conservatism
- B. anger
- C. moderation
- D. virtue

12. He taught that people should live _____ life.

- A. a selfish
- B. a virtuous
- C. an accomplished
- D. an ascetic

13. Aristotle thought _____.

- A. common people could rule themselves
- B. philosophers should rule
- C. there should be no government
- D. dictators should rule the people

14. The material out of which something is composed was called the _____ cause.

- A. final
- B. efficient
- C. formal
- D. material

15. The plan that caused something to exist is called the _____ cause.

- A. final
- B. efficient
- C. formal
- D. material

16. That which brings something about is called the _____ cause.

- A. final
- B. efficient
- C. formal
- D. material

17. The purpose of something is called the _____ cause.

- A. final
- B. efficient
- C. formal
- D. material

18. _____ is a kind of logical argument.

- A. Metaphor
- B. Hyperbole
- C. Syllogism
- D. Fallacy

19. A place of ideal perfection is called _____.

- A. an island
- B. utopia
- C. democracy
- D. myopia

20. Aristotle named his son Nichomachus after the boy's _____.

- A. grandfather
- B. uncle
- C. teacher
- D. grandmother