

Margaret Thatcher Test

1. Margaret Thatcher was born in Grantham, _____.

- A. France
- B. England
- C. Portugal
- D. Germany

2. She lived with her parents _____.

- A. above their grocery store
- B. in the suburbs
- C. in a high rise apartment
- D. at No. 10 Downing Street

3. At Oxford she studied _____.

- A. religion
- B. mathematics
- C. languages
- D. chemistry

4. While working for a food manufacturer she helped develop _____.

- A. crispy potato chips
- B. pre-packaged dinners
- C. soft-serve ice cream
- D. decaffeinated coffee

5. Members of the Conservative Party in her country were called _____.

- A. Tories
- B. Conventionalists
- C. the Tea Party
- D. Traditionalists

6. To become a lawyer Mrs. Thatcher _____.

- A. studied at Harvard
- B. studied law at night
- C. got a second degree from Oxford
- D. took a correspondence course

7. When her twins were of pre-school age Mrs. Thatcher _____.

- A. became a Member of Parliament
- B. worked as a chemist
- C. became Prime Minister
- D. spent a lot of time with her children

8. The Labour Party in England _____.

- A. favored less government
- B. expanded the role of government
- C. urged people to accept individual responsibility
- D. wanted Mrs. Thatcher to join them

9. Mrs. Thatcher urged people to _____.

- A. accept individual responsibility
- B. ask for more taxes
- C. join the unions
- D. support the Labour Party

10. The "Shadow" government _____.

- A. was the independent party
- B. worked in the dark
- C. was the party not in power
- D. was the party in power

11. Her role as Shadow Secretary for Education was to _____.

- A. teach in the schools
- B. visit with principals
- C. pass the laws
- D. explain what women might think

12. She became the *real* Secretary for Education when _____.

- A. the shadow government failed
- B. Conservatives came into power
- C. she learned to type well
- D. she became Prime Minister

13. To reduce the education budget Mrs. Thatcher _____.

- A. quit buying books for the school
- B. fired a lot of teachers
- C. stopped providing free milk for the children
- D. eliminated the kindergarten classes

14. Parents became angry when they were required to _____.

- A. pay for their children's lunches
- B. buy books for their children
- C. provide transportation
- D. pay tuition for their children to go to school

15. Margaret Thatcher became Prime Minister after _____ was forced to resign.

- A. Winston Churchill
- B. John Major
- C. Tony Blair
- D. Ted Heath

16. Mrs. Thatcher was a friend of American President _____.

- A. Dwight Eisenhower
- B. Ronald Reagan
- C. John F. Kennedy
- D. Bill Clinton

17. When Argentina invaded the Falkland Islands Mrs. Thatcher _____.

- A. did not respond
- B. failed in an attempt to repel them
- C. ordered troops to retake the island
- D. agreed to share the island with them

18. She did not support the coal miners' strike because _____.

- A. the mines were draining the government of money.
- B. she didn't like coal miners
- C. they became angry
- D. coal had become unnecessary

19. In 1984 an attempt was made on her life _____.

- A. at her home
- B. during a meeting of Parliament
- C. at the Brighton hotel
- D. while she was on vacation

20. The Soviet leader labeled Margaret Thatcher _____.

- A. Atilla the Hun
- B. Mad Margie
- C. One Tough Lady
- D. The Iron Lady